# Size, Focality, Invasion in Upper Tract Urothelial Cell Carcinoma (SFI-UTUC): A Novel Imaging-Based Morphometric Scoring System to Predict Survival Outcomes in UTUC

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#### BACKGROUND

- Upper tract urothelial cell carcinoma (UTUC) is an uncommon malignancy that is difficult to predict on routine preoperative imaging.
- We sought to develop a novel morphometric scoring system for prediction of oncologic and survival outcomes before nephroureterectomy (NU).

#### **METHODS**

- Multicenter retrospective analysis of UTUC patients undergoing NU for non-metastatic disease
- Preoperative CT-urography was used to evaluate a novel image-based morphometric score for outcomes, based on 3 factors (Tumor Size, Focality, Invasion of architecture) with a score of 1-3 based on degree of each factor (total score 3-9), figure.
- Primary outcome: overall survival (OS)
- Secondary outcome: recurrence free survival (RFS)
- Logistic regression (LR) and Kaplan-Meier (KMA) analyses were utilized.

#### RESULTS

- 244 patients: mean age 70.9, mean follow up 29.5 months.
- On MVA for recurrence, significance was noted for high nuclear grade (OR 3.7, p=0.043) and pT2+ (OR 3.6, p=0.001).
- On MVA for all-cause mortality, age (OR 1.1, p=0.001), recurrence (OR 4.4, p<0.001) and SFI-UTUC Score 7-9 (OR 2.0, p=0.022) were significant.
- KMA for OS demonstrated 5 year OS of 57.0% for SFI-UTUC 3-6 and 34.1% for SFI-UTUC 7-9 (p=0.001).
- KMA for RFS demonstrated 5 year RFS of 69.8% for SFI-UTUC 3-6 and 59.9% for SFI-UTUC 7-9 (p=0.059).

#### CONCLUSIONS

 A novel morphometric scoring system for UTUC preoperative imaging may predict OS for tumors in renal and ureteral locations, as well as RFS. Prospective validation and refinement is requisite.

## Table 1. Demographics

Variable	Entire cohort	Score 3-6	Score 7-9	p-value
Many Ara (CD)	(n=244)	(n=149)	(n=95)	0.202
Mean Age (SD)	70.9 ± 10.6	70.4 ± 10.2	71.6 ± 11.3	0.383
Gender				
Male	159 (65.2%)	95 (63.8%)	64 (67.4%)	
Female	85 (34.8%)	54 (36.2%)	31 (32.6%)	
Mean BMI (SD)	28.6 ± 5.6	28.8 ± 5.7	28.4 ± 5.3	0.631
HTN	151 (61.9%)	90 (60.4%)	61 (64.2%)	0.356
DM	54 (22.1%)	31 (20.8%)	23 (24.2%)	0.364
CAD	52 (21.3%)	32 (21.5%)	20 (21.1%)	0.455
Smoking history	148 (60.7%)	91 (61.1%)	57 (60.0%)	0.703
Clinic Tumor Size	3.2 ± 2.4	2.7 ± 2.2	4.0 ± 2.4	0.001
Tumor Location				
Kidney	181 (74.2%)	104 (69.8%)	77 (81.1%)	
Ureter	63 (25.8%)	45 (30.2%)	18 (18.9%)	
SFI Score	6 (5 – 8)	5 (5 – 6)	8 (7 – 9)	<0.001
3	5 (2.0%)	5 (3.4%)	0 (0%)	
4	32 (13.1%)	32 (21.5%)	0 (0%)	
5	58 (23.8%)	58 (38.9%)	0 (0%)	
6	54 (22.1%)	54 (36.2%)	0 (0%)	
7	26 (10.7%)	0 (0%)	26 (27.4%)	
8	26 (10.7%)	0 (0%)	26 (27.4%)	
9	43 (17.6%)	0 (0%)	43 (45.3%)	
cN+	39 (16.0%)	12 (8.0%)	19 (20.0%)	0.041

### SFI Scoring System

Renal Location			
Domain	Score	Criteria	
	1	<1 cm	
<b><u>S</u></b> ize of Tumor	2	between 1-3 cm	
	3	>3 cm	
	1	contained within pelvis or 1 calyx	
<u>F</u> ocality	2	involving pelvis and 1 calyx	
	3	extending into >2 sites (pelvis, ≥2 calyx	
Invasion of Renal Architecture	1	purely in collecting system, no hydro	
	2	hydronephrosis	
	3	infiltrates parenchyma	

Ureteral Location			
Domain	Score	Criteria	
	1	<1 cm	
<b>S</b> ize of Tumor	2	between 1-3 cm	
	3	>3 cm	
	1	unifocal	
<u>F</u> ocality	2	multifocal in 1/3 of ureter	
	3	multifocal in more than 1/3 of ureter	
Invasion of Renal Architecture	1	purely in ureter, no hydronephrosis	
	2	hydronephrosis	
Architecture	3	infiltrates periureteral tissue	

## Table 2. Operative Outcomes and Survival

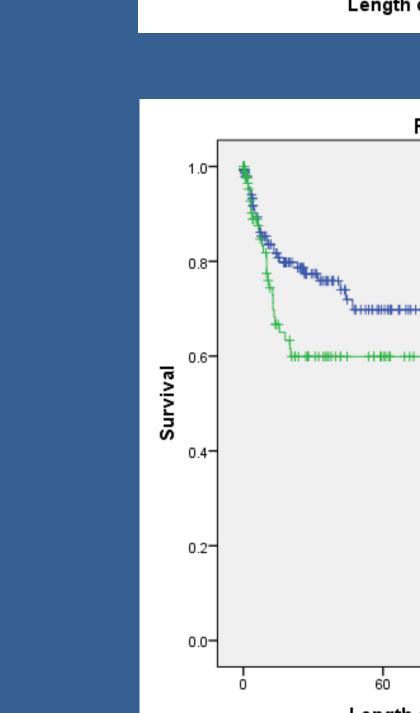
Variable	Entire cohort	Score 3-6	Score 7-9	n value
variable	(n=244)	(n=149)	(n=95)	p-value
Surgical Approach				0.593
Open	60	33 (22.1%)	27 (24.6%)	
Robotic	64	43 (28.9%)	21 (22.1%)	
Lap/Open	120	73 (49.0%)	47 (49.5%)	
EBL (mL)	223 ± 316	214 ± 282	237 ± 376	0.598
LND	109 (44.7%)	56 (37.6%)	53 (55.8%)	0.006
Days in Hospital	5 (3 – 7)	5 (3 – 7)	5 (3 – 6)	0.660
Transfusion	34 (13.9%)	18 (12.1%)	16 (16.8%)	0.401
30 Day Complicat	49 (20.1%)	34 (22.8%)	15 (15.8%)	0.182
pTumor Size	4.0 ± 2.7	3.5 ± 2.4	4.7 ± 3.0	0.001
pT stage				0.001
ТО	44	33 (22.1%)	11 (11.6%)	
Tis/Ta	37	26 (17.4%)	11 (11.6%)	
T1	43	26 (17.4%)	17 (17.9%)	
T2	23	18 (12.1%)	5 (5.3%)	
Т3	79	42 (28.2%)	37 (38.9%)	
T4	18	4 (2.7%)	14 (14.7%)	
pN stage				0.002
pN0/x	200 (82.0%)	137 (91.9%)	72 (75.8%)	
pN+	44 (18.0%)	12 (8.1%)	23 (24.2%)	
Fuhrman Grade				0.413
Low (1&2)	51 (20.9%)	36 (24.2%)	15 (15.8%)	
High (3&4)	193 (79.1%)	113 (75.8%)	80 (84.2%)	
LVI	61 (25.0%)	29 (19.5%)	32 (33.7%)	0.064
Positive Margin	28 (11.5%)	14 (9.4%)	14 (14.7%)	0.203
Recurrence	59 (24.2%)	31 (20.8%)	28 (29.5%)	0.128
Bladder	42 (17.2%)	28 (18.8%)	14 (14.7%)	0.488
All Cause Mortality	88 (36.1%)	43 (28.9%)	45 (47.4%)	0.004
Follow Up (months)	29.5 ± 28.4	32.1 ± 29.7	25.4 ± 25.9	0.074

## **Examples of SFI Low vs. High Score**

**SFI Low Score (S2 + F2 +I1 = 5)** 



**SFI High Score (S3 + F3 + I3 = 9)** 



#### **Logistic Regression – All Cause Mortality**

Variable	OR	95%CI Lower	95%CI Upper	p-value
Age	1.050	1.019	1.082	.001
HTN	.859	.461	1.600	.632
DM	.871	.431	1.762	.701
CAD	.874	.415	1.841	.724
SFI Score 7 – 9	1.989	1.104	3.581	.022
High Grade	1.634	.742	3.603	.223
Recurrence	4.375	2.246	8.524	<0.001

# Logistic Regression – Recurrence

Variable	OR	95%CI Lower	95%CI Upper	p-value
Age	1.006	.976	1.038	.689
HTN	1.655	.832	3.291	.151
DM	1.125	.530	2.389	.759
CAD	.742	.327	1.686	.476
SFI Score 7 – 9	1.173	.619	2.223	.625
High Grade	3.742	1.040	13.467	.043
pT2+	3.589	1.743	7.393	.001

#### Figure: Kaplan Meier Analyses

